Name:	Class:
	Andrew Jackson Reading
Answer underlir	ONS: Please read the following passages and documents regarding Andrew Jackson's presidency. questions 1-10 utilizing the information in the text and in complete sentences. You must also ne the answers directly in the text. For questions 11-15, please use the documents to help you the corresponding questions in complete sentences.
Battle of nickname president home. Th	ackson had become a respected figure in the United States after his decisive victory at the New Orleans during the War of 1812. His resilience as a military leader earned him the e, Old Hickory. Jackson was also known to Americans as the Common Man. Unlike previous tial candidates, Jackson was born west of the Appalachian Mountains into a less fortunate his made him relatable and inspiring to most Americans, and brought hope that ordinary ould have an impact in the United States government.
1. W	hy was Andrew Jackson known as the Common Man?
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Democratelection, more people elections take advantagement	controversial loss in the 1824 presidential election, Jackson and his supporters formed the t party and campaigned throughout the United States to ensure that he would win the 1828 which he did. During the 1828 presidential election, voting rights had been expanded and ople voted than ever before. No longer did males have to own land to vote in presidential. The hope of Jackson becoming president and his campaign efforts encouraged more men to entage of their new voting opportunities than ever before. Therefore, in the election of 1828, nately 1.1 million people voted in comparison with 350,000 voters in the election of 1824. In drew Jackson, with an intense belief of true democracy, was inaugurated as the President of ad States.
2. An	ndrew Jackson was the leader of what political party?
3. Ho	ow did Andrew Jackson encourage more people to vote in the presidential election?
Continuir	

	et positions. According to Jackson, he wanted to provide ordinary citizens with the opportunity e part in the government.
4.	Define spoils system.
Bank v presid was re- re-ele- in ord- veto w uncon Elastic	o his inauguration, Jackson already opposed the National Bank. He believed that the National was unconstitutional and that it was only beneficial for the wealthy, including the bank's ent, Nicholas Biddle. The National Bank was first chartered under Washington, and its' charter enewed under Madison. The bank's charter was up for renewal again as Jackson was running foction. Although many supporters of the bank believed that Jackson would approve the renewal er to ensure his re-election, Jackson vetoed the bank bill and closed the National Bank. The bank as the first presidential veto utilized on a government law/action that was not deemed stitutional. Under Washington, the National Bank was proven constitutional as part of the Clause (Necessary and Proper Clause). As a result, many supporters of the National Bank view on's veto as an abuse of his presidential powers.
5.	Why did Andrew Jackson oppose the National Bank?
6.	How did Jackson close the National Bank?
In add	ition to the controversy that surrounded the bank veto, Jackson's use of power was also

In addition to the controversy that surrounded the bank veto, Jackson's use of power was also criticized in 1830 with his approval of the Indian Removal Act. For years, Native Americans had been displaced from the land they had inhibited for decades. Despite territory treaties signed between Americans and Native Americans, Americans felt entitled to the land. Many Native American tribes living in newly acquired Florida attempted to resist displacement from their land, and even were supported by the Supreme Court. In 1828, the Supreme Court decided that the Native Americans' right to stay in their land was protected under the Constitution. This case was known as *Worcester vs. Georgia*. However, despite the Supreme Court ruling, Andrew Jackson was determined to rid the Native Americans of Florida and provide American farmers with more economic opportunity. In 1830, with Jackson's approval, Congress passed the Indian Removal Act, which forced Native Americans to relocate to designated territory west of the Mississippi River. Native American tribes, including the Cherokee, refused to comply with the Indian Removal Act because of the support of the Supreme Court. Nevertheless, in 1838 Jackson sent the military to Florida to forcefully remove the Cherokee from Florida. The forced removal of over 15,000 Cherokee west of the Mississippi River became known as the Trail of Tears because of the thousands of Cherokee that died throughout the journey

ecau	Critics of Jackson considered the Indian Removal Act to be seene directly went against the decision made by the Sup	
7.	What decision was made as a result of the <i>Worcester vs</i>	. Georgia Supreme Court case?
8.	What was the Indian Removal Act?	
9.	Why was the Indian Removal Act considered to be conti	roversial?
10	. What was the Trail of Tears?	
	e document below to help you answer questions 11 and 12. In the document below, Andrew Jackson is holding the hand. Identify a controversial veto that Jackson used du	
12	In this document, Andrew Jackson is depicted as king. Identify and explain one action or decision made by Jackson that would lead his critics to compare him to a	BORN TO COMMAND.

KING ANDREW THE FIRST.

Use the document below to help you answer question 13.

Worcester vs. Georgia-1828

The Cherokee nation... is a[n] [individual] community, occupying its own territory... in which the laws of Georgia have no force [to make the tribe leave].... The [actions] of Georgia are [disgusting] to the Constitution, laws, and treaties of the United States. They interfere forcibly with the relations established between the United States and the Cherokee Nation, the regulation of which according to the settled principles of our Constitution, are committed exclusively to the government of the [United States of America].

Marshall, C.J., Opinion of the Court, Supreme Court of the United States. 31 U.S. 515

13	. What decision did the Supreme Cour	t make in the Worcester vs. Georgia case?			
	According to the map, what Native Americans tribes were forced to leave Florida and relocate west of the Mississippi River?				
15	. What law passed by Congress, under Andrew Jackson, forced the Native American tribes to relocate west of the Mississippi River?	SACS AND FOXES ILLINOIS INDIANA OHIO VIRGINIA ARK. TERR. CHEROKEES CHOCTAWS CREEKS GEORGIA ALA. Indian lands ceded to the government Indian reservations Trail of Tears Other Indian removals Other Indian removals			