

1965 Alabama Literacy Test

1. Which of the following is a right guaranteed by the Bill of Rights?
 Public Education
 Employment
 Trial by Jury
 Voting
2. The federal census of population is taken every five years.
 True False
3. If a person is indicted for a crime, name two rights which he has.

4. A U.S. senator elected at the general election in November takes office the following year on what date?

5. A President elected at the general election in November takes office the following year on what date?

6. Which definition applies to the word "amendment?"
 Proposed change, as in a Constitution
 Make of peace between nationals at war
 A part of the government
7. A person appointed to the U.S. Supreme Court is appointed for a term of _____
8. When the Constitution was approved by the original colonies, how many states had to ratify it in order for it to be in effect? _____
9. Does enumeration affect the income tax levied on citizens in various states? _____
10. Person opposed to swearing in an oath may say, instead:
(solemnly) _____
11. To serve as President of the United States, a person must have attained:
 25 years of age
 35 years of age
 40 years of age
 45 years of age
12. What words are required by law to be on all coins and paper currency of the U.S.?

13. The Supreme Court is the chief lawmaking body of the state.
 True False
14. If a law passed by a state is contrary to provisions of the U.S. Constitution, which law prevails?

15. If a vacancy occurs in the U.S. Senate, the state must hold an election, but meanwhile the place may be filled by a temporary appointment made by _____

16. A U.S. senator is elected for a term of _____ years.
17. Appropriation of money for the armed services can be only for a period limited to _____ years.
18. The chief executive and the administrative offices make up the _____ branch of government.
19. Who passes laws dealing with piracy? _____

20. The number of representatives which a state is entitled to have in the House of Representatives is based on _____
21. The Constitution protects an individual against punishments which are _____ and _____.
22. When a jury has heard and rendered a verdict in a case, and the judgment on the verdict has become final, the defendant cannot again be brought to trial for the same cause.
 True False
23. Name two levels of government which can levy taxes: _____

24. Communism was the type of government in:
 U.S.
 Russia
 England
25. Cases tried before a court of law are two types, civil and _____.
26. By a majority vote of the members of Congress, the Congress can change provisions of the Constitution of the U.S.
 True False

27. For security, each state has a right to form a _____
28. The electoral vote for President is counted in the presence of two bodies. Name them:

29. If no candidate for President receives a majority of the electoral vote, who decides who will become President? _____
30. Of the original 13 states, the one with the largest representation in the first Congress was _____
31. Of which branch of government is the Speaker of the House a part?
 Executive
 Legislative
 Judicial
32. Capital punishment is the giving of a death sentence.
 True False
33. In case the President is unable to perform the duties of his office, who assumes them?

34. "Involuntary servitude" is permitted in the U.S. upon conviction of a crime.
 True False
35. If a state is a party to a case, the Constitution provides that original jurisdiction shall be in _____
36. Congress passes laws regulating cases which are included in those over which the U.S. Supreme Court has _____ jurisdiction.
37. Which of the following is a right guaranteed by the Bill of Rights of the U.S. Constitution.
 Public Housing
 Education
 Voting
 Trial by Jury
38. The Legislatures of the states decide how presidential electors may be chosen.
 True False
39. If it were proposed to join Alabama and Mississippi to form one state, what groups would have to vote approval in order for this to be done? _____

40. The Vice President presides over _____.
41. The Constitution limits the size of the District of Columbia to _____.
42. The only laws which can be passed to apply to an area in a federal arsenal are those passed by _____ provided consent for the purchase of the land is given by the _____.
43. In which document or writing is the "Bill of Rights" found? _____.
44. Of which branch of government is a Supreme Court justice a part?
 Executive
 Legislative
 Judicial
45. If no person receives a majority of the electoral votes, the Vice President is chosen by the Senate.
 True False
46. Name two things which the states are forbidden to do by the U.S. Constitution.

47. If election of the President becomes the duty of the U.S. House of Representatives and it fails to act, who becomes President and when? _____
48. How many votes must a person receive in order to become President if the election is decided by the U.S. House of Representatives? _____
49. How many states were required to approve the original Constitution in order for it to be in effect? _____
50. Check the offenses which, if you are convicted of them, disqualify you for voting:
 Murder
 Issuing worthless checks
 Petty larceny
 Manufacturing whiskey
51. The Congress decides in what manner states elect presidential electors.
 True False
52. Name two of the purposes of the U.S. Constitution. _____

53. Congress is composed of _____.
54. All legislative powers granted in the U.S. Constitution may legally be used only by _____.
55. The population census is required to be made very _____ years.
56. Impeachments of U.S. officials are tried by _____.
57. If an effort to impeach the President of the U.S. is made, who presides at the trial?

58. On the impeachment of the chief justice of the Supreme Court of the U.S., who tries the case?

59. Money is coined by order of:
____ U.S. Congress
____ The President's Cabinet
____ State Legislatures
60. Persons elected to cast a state's vote for U.S. President and Vice President are called presidential _____.
61. Name one power which is exclusively legislative and is mentioned in one of the parts of the U.S. Constitution above _____.
62. If a person flees from justice into another state, who has authority to ask for his return?

63. Whose duty is it to keep Congress informed of the state of the union? _____
64. If the two houses of Congress cannot agree on adjournment, who sets the time?

65. When presidential electors meet to cast ballots for President, must all electors in a state vote for the same person for President or can they vote for different persons if they so choose?

66. After the presidential electors have voted, to whom do they send the count of their votes?

67. The power to declare war is vested in _____.

68. Any power and rights not given to the U.S. or prohibited to the states by the U.S. Constitution are specified as belonging to whom? _____